IDENTIFYING ALTERNATIVES TO GUARDIANSHIP

This tool was designed to help with identifying a person's ability to make decisions and manage key areas of life. It is intended to help with exploring alternatives and less restrictive options to general or full guardianship.

Friend

Person in Need of Support	Person	in Need	of Sup	port:
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Name of person completing this form: ____

Relationship to person (circle one): Self Family

Guardian Other:

Today's Date:

How long have you known the person? ______ Step 1: Discuss each question and decide whether this is something the person is already able to do independently most of the time? If so, check the GREEN column. If the person cannot do this now independently or with the supports already in place, check YELLOW. Do not check the RED column at all yet.

Step 2: When you have completed all the questions, explore how the person can get the support for decision-making for everything checked off in the yellow column. Use the Options & Alternatives to Guardianship Star Tool to look to one or a combination of less restrictive alternatives, including:

- Supported Decision-Making
- Powers of Attorney
- Substitute Health Care Decision-Maker
- Representative Payee
- Other financial options include limited and/or joint bank accounts, direct deposit and automatic bill pay, as well as special needs trusts.

Step 3: Check the red box only if there is not alternative support available that can help meet the person's needs. For items in red, consider whether a limited guardianship (for example, temporary and/ or only medical or financial) would be appropriate. Remember: Legal guardianship is not always the right tool to address a need that may be identified in the red column – e.g., helping a person maintain a job or stop taking certain risks. Once you have a guardianship, it can be hard to remove. Getting a person a general or full guardian should be the last resort for support.

NOTE: The answers to these questions will likely change: we expect decision-making abilities grow and change over time. This form should be revisited as many times as necessary, but at the very least, once a year.

Good to Go Person Can Make Decisions with Supports in Place

Can person decide or direct this activity independently most of the time?

Or, could they decide or direct this if they had some practice and support?



Person May Need More Supports for Decision-Making

With support, can this person decide or direct this activity most of the time?

Or could the person learn to do this?

Consider Guardianship Options Only if Other Supports Are Not Sufficient

Is the person not able to decide or direct this activity, even with support?

Would a substitute decision-maker be helpful?

This tool was adapted by the DC Department on Disability Services, in partnership with the DC Developmental Disabilities Council, Disability Rights DC/ University Legal Services, Georgetown University Center for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities and Quality Trust for Individuals with Disabilities, from tools developed by University of Missouri-Kansas City Institute for Human Development, University Center for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities (2015). (Last revised 2-2016)

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DAILY LIFE & EMPLOYMENT

Can the person make and communicate choices in regard				
to employment or retirement activities?				
Can the person look for and find a job or retirement				
activities? Could they go to RSA or a One Stop? Do they				
know to ask their network for help?				
Can the person manage their money? Can they pay their				
bills?				
Can the person manage the public benefits (like SSI or				
SSDI) he or she is supposed to receive?				
Can the person identify and resist financial exploitation?				
HEALTHY LIVING				
Can the person decide and direct what kinds of support				
they need or want for activities of daily living?				
Can the person choose who provides those supports?				
Can the person make decisions about where, when, &				
what to eat?				
Can the person follow a prescribed diet and/or take				
medicines as directed?				
Does the person understand the health effects of high risk				
behaviors like substance abuse, smoking, having				
unprotected sex, and/or overeating?				
Does the person understand the need to maintain				
personal hygiene and dental care?				
Can the person make and communicate decisions about				
medical treatment, including understanding the				
consequences of not accepting treatment?				
Can the person alert others and seek medical help for serious health problems?				
PERSONAL SAFETY & SECURITY				
Does the person avoid common dangers like traffic, sharp				
objects, hot stove, or poisonous products?				
Can the person recognize when someone is taking				
advantage of them, hurting them, or abusing them				
(physical, sexual, emotional) and protect themselves?				
Does the person know who to contact if they are in				
danger, being exploited, or being treated unfairly?				

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Place Now)



Supports for

Decision-Making

Consider Guardianship

SOCIAL & SPIRITUALITY

	Terr	
Does the person understand that how we talk with and,		
especially, touch others depends on the type of		
relationship we have with them – whether they are family,		
friends, co-workers, support staff, boyfriend/girlfriend,		
etc.?		
Does the person understand the potential outcomes about		
decisions to marry and have sexual relationships?		
Does the person understand consent and permission in		
regards to sexual relationships?		
Can the person access community resources like church or		
a local recreational center?		
COMMUNITY LIVING		
COMMUNITIENT		
Does the person understand what is involved with		
managing a home that is safe, like having regular home		
maintenance, and safe, secure and sanitary conditions.		
Can the person access community resources to function		
successfully and safely in community settings? Does the		
person know how to use transportation? Go to the bank		
or use an ATM? Go shopping? How and when to call for		
emergency services?		
CITIZENSHIP & ADVOCACY		
Con the nerver understand and communicate concept		
Can the person understand and communicate consent		
and/or permissions regarding legal documents like a basic contract or power of attorney? Or can the person agree		
to services like an attorney or advocate?		
Can the person choose someone they want to support		
them with making their own decisions, if they want that		
kind of help? Can the person pick someone to make		
decisions on their behalf, if they cannot do it themselves?		
Does the person understand his or her right to vote?		
Does the person understand how to follow the law and		
how to not commit crimes?		
Can the person communicate approval to share		
information with parents, family members, and friends		
who are not legal guardians?		

IMPORTANT TERMS TO UNDERSTAND

<u>Powers of Attorney</u>: A person knowingly and voluntarily signs a legal document that identifies someone they trust to act for them.

<u>Representative Payee</u>: The Social Security Administration appoints someone to manage a person's Social Security benefit.

<u>Substitute Health Care Decision-Maker</u>: A person has a family member or friend who can make health care decisions that the person cannot make, even with support

<u>Supported Decision-Making</u>: A person with a disability to makes their own decisions by using support networks to help understand the issues and choices, ask questions and receive answers in language they understand, and communicate their own decision to others.

NOTES